

FARMING PRACTICE MANURE PROCESSING TECHNIQUES

IMPACT: GHG EMISSIONS

Reference 3

Ba, SD; Qu, QB; Zhang, KQ; Groot, JCJ 2020 Meta-analysis of greenhouse gas and ammonia emissions from dairy manure composting Biosystems engineering 10.1016/j.biosystemseng.2020.02.015

Background and objective

In order to minimise nutrient losses, comprehensive overviews of the magnitude of gaseous emissions from manure composting processes and the factors that influence these losses are urgently needed. Assess the impacts of six mitigation efficiency for composting on different gas emissions.

Search strategy and selection criteria

Articles published before December 2018 were collected from Web of Science (WOS, <u>http://apps.webofknowledge.com/</u>) and the China Knowledge Resource Integrated Database (CNKI, <u>http://</u> www.cnki.net/). The language was set to English or Chinese. The keywords aimed to iden- tify papers focusing on the cattle husbandry sector, com- posting technologies and the emission indicators. The papers included in this study were selected based on the following criteria: (1) studies focused on dairy manure composting; (2) studies included at least one of CH4, CO2, N2O, and NH3 emissions; (3) studies reported cumulative gas emission factors. With these criteria, 41 publications (27 from WOS and 14 from CNKI) with 153 compost treatments in total were selected.

Data and analysis

A Shapiro-Wilk test was conducted to test the normality of data. The median of EF values was chosen to compare gaseous emissions from different composting methods since the data did not show a normal distribution. A nonparametric Wilcoxon Signed Rank test was performed to evaluate and compare significant differences of EFs among four composting methods. All statistical analyses were performed using R software (version: 3.5.1)

Number of papers	Population	Intervention	Comparator	Outcome	Quality score
41	Dairy manure composts	- "vermicomposting"	No mitigation measure	Metric: Gaseous emission (CH4, N2O, CO2, NH3); Effect size: Ratio of the considered metrics in the intervention to the considered metrics in the control	68.75

Results

• Vermicomposting had no effect on both N2O and CH4 emissions from manure.

Factors influencing effect sizes

• No factors influencing effect sizes to report

Conclusion

Vermicomposting had no effect on both N2O and CH4 emissions from manure.

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