

MIWP Action 1.1 - Towards a digital ecosystem for the environment and sustainability



Structure



- 1) Status of INSPIRE Good Practices
- 2) JRC Pool of experts on data-driven innovation
- 3) JRC Science for Policy report





Good practices Line Constitution of the Consti





Good Practice Template

Download Template

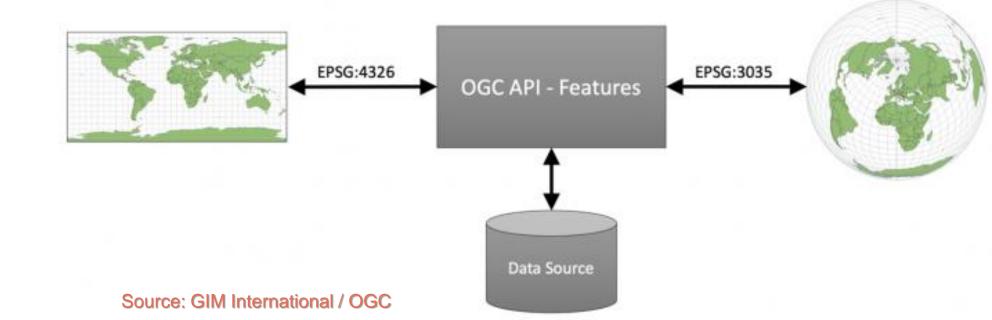
Context

The development of INSPIRE foresaw the creation of an initial set of legally-binding Implementing Rules (IRs) and Technical Guidelines (TGs). As technology evolved since INSPIRE's creation and as experience is being gained through the implementation process, the need for new TGs emerged (e.g. for download services for observations and coverages), alongside a range of related tools that can maximise the benefits of the implementation process. These were developed in 2015 and 2016 under dedicated actions under the Mainteannee and Implementation work Programme.

At the same time, in the Thematic Clusters discussion forums, good practices for specific implementation issues (e.g. how to create persistent identifiers), opportunities offered by emerging technologies and standards (e.g. Vector Tiles, OGC SensorThings API) or extensions/profiles for specific application domains are being shared and discussed. Also, work in Member States, by solution providers or in research projects often yield interesting results that implementers in other Member States could benefit from.

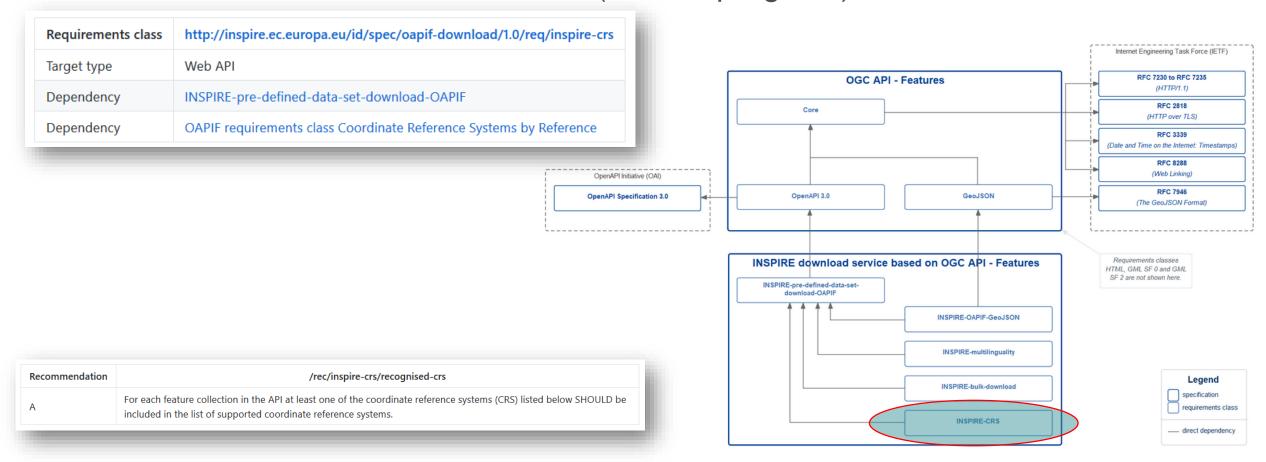
OGC API-Features

- Endorsed by the 12th MIG meeting as an INSPIRE Good Practice
- Suggested amendments by the MIG:
 - Inclusion of options for CRS different from CRS84



CRS for OGC API-Features in INSPIRE

- New requirements class: INSPIRE-CRS
- Validation in the reference validator (work in progress)



Good practices

- 1) INSPIRE Coverage data and service implementation
 - Endorsed by the 12th MIG
 - Legal scrutiny
 - Validation
 - Implementations
- 2) GeoPackage as INSPIRE data encoding
 - Dedicated slot in today's agenda (17:00 17:30)
- 3) Proposed practices
 - Building one access point to dispersed data sources
 - Making spatial data downloadable via WMS services





Pool of experts on data-driven innovation



Pool of experts on data-driven innovation

Context

- Multiple emerging technological trends can help complement and/or substitute the ways in which we are sharing information in INSPIRE
- Implemented within ELISE

Topics

- Governance of data
- Governance with data

Outputs

- Based on experimentation and sandboxes
- Summary of the experimentation in a structured manner (JRC Technical report)



Pool of experts on data-driven innovation

Asynchronous transactions, eventdriven architectures and data streaming Combined use of public sector and citizen-generated location data

Edge computing

Binary data encodings

Containerisation

Understanding the demands for data- driven innovations for the public sector

Hyper-local applications of Al allow to deliver social value

Leveraging private data for public good

scientific editor & coordinator

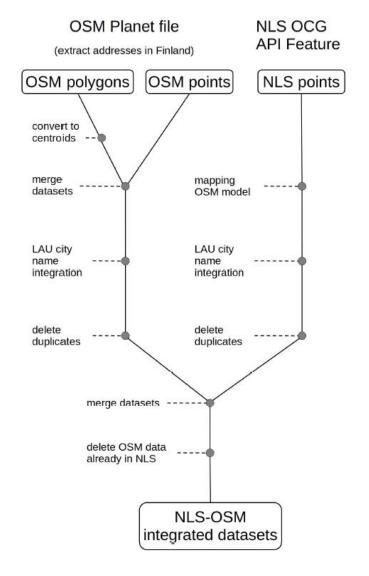
Implementability of the tech approaches for cities

governance of data

governance with data



Integration between authoritative and OpenStreetMap datasets



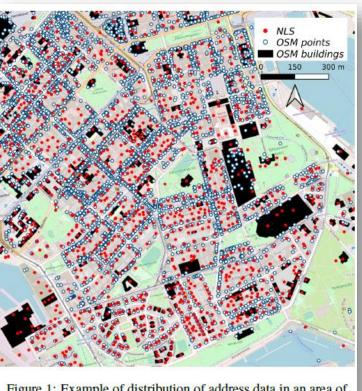
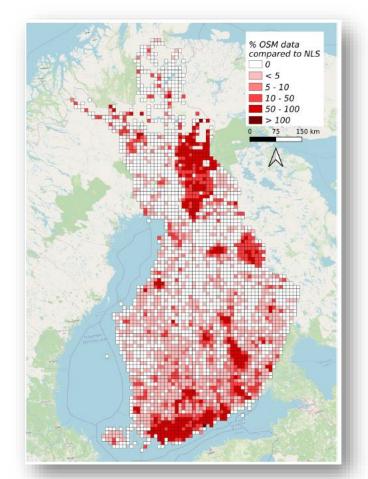


Figure 1: Example of distribution of address data in an area of Helsinki, Finland: OSM addresses associated to nodes (white points) and ways (black polygons); NLS addressed (red points).

Background map: © OpenStreetMap contributors.

Source: Sarretta, Minghini 2021





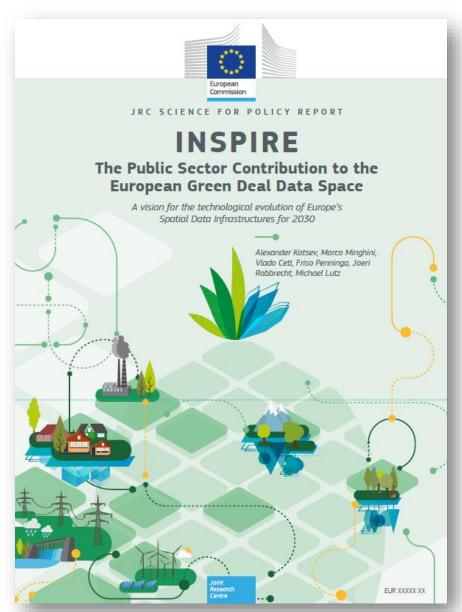
INSPIRE – The public contribution to the European Green Deal Data Space

JRC Science for Policy Report



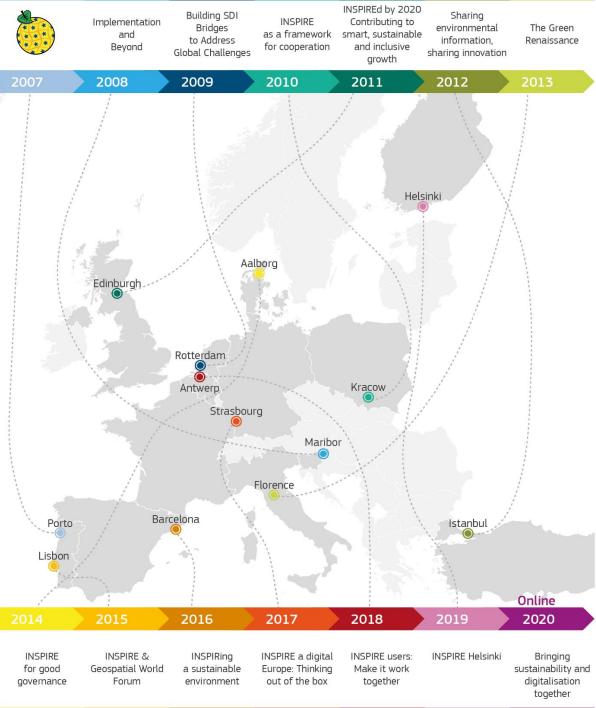
Forthcoming JRC Science for Policy Report

- With Geonovum and DG ENV
- Contents
 - State of play
 - Policy and technological context
 - Lessons learned from the implementation
 - Vision for the technological evolution
 - Prototype reference framework
 - Actions and roadmap



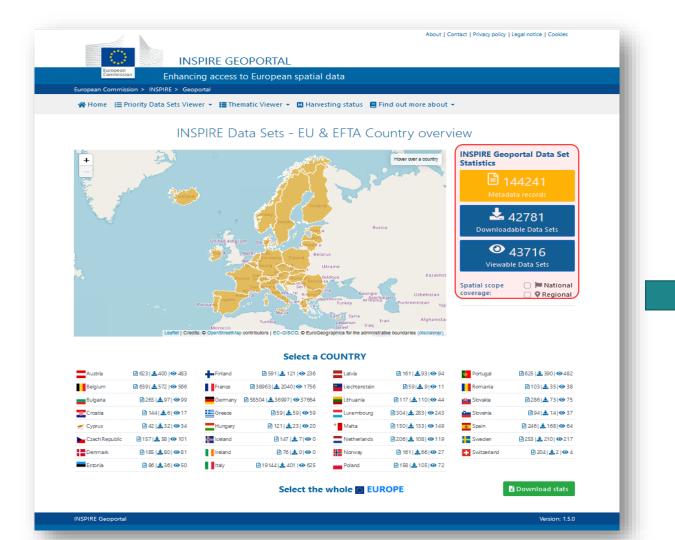
What works well Community

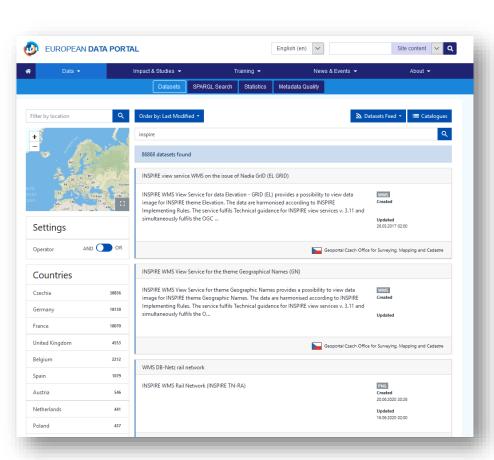




What works well Data availability

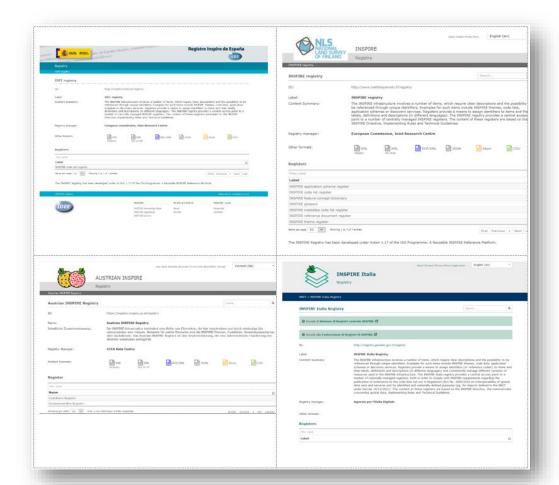
Discoverability and accessibility are improving

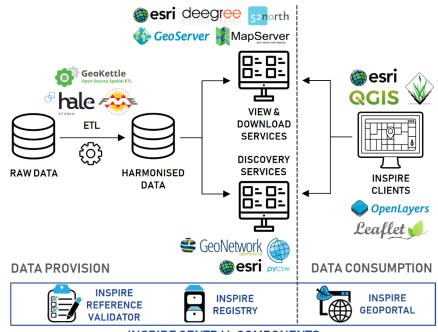




What works well

- Rich ecosystem of tools
 - Central INSPIRE components
 - Many client and server implementations





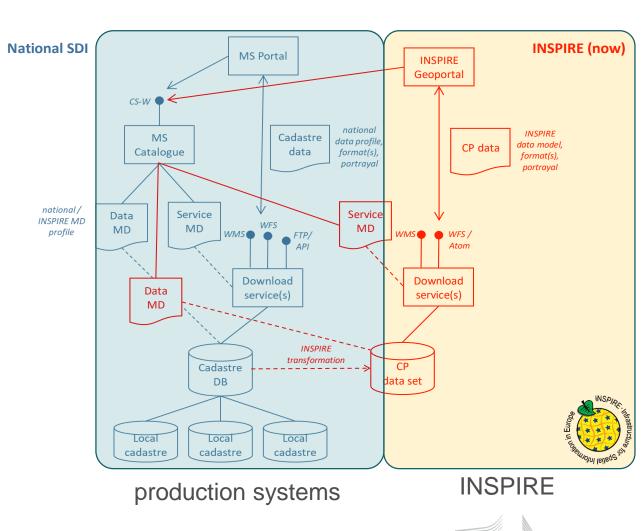
INSPIRE CENTRAL COMPONENTS

Workshop website beta Editor GeoNode default management tests Language Services like European Inspiredata application fields Documentation Aim GIS directive application fields application application fields application fields application field application fields ap

What does not work so well

- Parallel implementations
- Duplication of effort
- INSPIRE sometimes implemented to only check a box





European Commission

What does not work so well

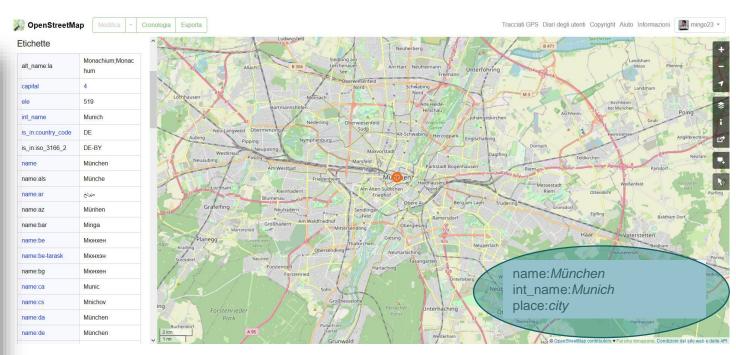
- Custom extensions and narrow use of standards
 - Strictly following standards, or extending standards is problematic
 - Extended capabilities
 - GML attributes
 - Nested structures



What does not work so well

Complex encoding

```
<gn:NamedPlace gml:id="MIG20172 example NamedPlace">
       <gn:beginLifespanVersion xsi:nil="true"/>
       <gn:geometry>
               <gml:Point gml:id=" d7180a8f-a590-44da-8b45-41d96d5cba5e" srsName="http://www.opengis.net/def</pre>
               <gml:pos>471979.2568 5564594.2444
               </gml:Point>
        </gr:geometry>
        <gn:inspireId>
               <base:Identifier>
                       <base:localId>NamedPlace_Example</base:localId>
                       <base:namespace>https://www.examples.eu/</base:namespace>
               </base:Identifier>
       </gn:inspireId>
        <gn:localType xsi:nil="true"/>
       <gn:name>
               <gn:GeographicalName>
                       <gn:language>deu</gn:language>
                       <gn:nativeness xsi:nil="true"/>
                       <gn:nameStatus xsi:nil="true"/>
                       <gn:sourceOfName xsi:nil="true"/>
                       <gn:pronunciation xsi:nil="true"/>
                       <gn:spelling>
                               <gn:SpellingOfName>
                               <gn:text>München
                               <gn:script xsi:nil="true"/>
                               </gn:SpellingOfName>
                       </gn:spelling>
               </gn:GeographicalName>
       </gr:name>
        <gn:name>
               <gn:GeographicalName>
                       <gn:language>eng
                       <gn:nativeness xsi:nil="true"/>
                       <gn:nameStatus xsi:nil="true"/>
                       <gn:sourceOfName xsi:nil="true"/>
                       <gn:pronunciation xsi:nil="true"/>
                       <gn:spelling>
                               <gn:SpellingOfName>
                               <gn:text>Munich
                               <gn:script xsi:nil="true"/>
                               </gn:SpellingOfName>
                       </gn:spelling>
               </gn:GeographicalName>
        <gn:type xsi:nil="true"/>
</gn:NamedPlace>
```



https://www.openstreetmap.org/node/1700534808#map=12/48.1332/11.6462



INSPIRE in a broader data ecosystem

- From linear approach to a data ecosystem
 - Follow the value creation
 - Sustainable governance model is needed



Academia 1. Legal Data Governance Act Open Data Directive 2. Organisational Data journals Data platforms (e.g. zenodo, OpenAIRE) 3. Technical Data management plans Open source tech **Public sector** 1. Legal Data Governance Act Open Data Directive INSPIRE 2. Organisational Agile approaches Sustainable governance 3. Technical FAIR principles Open source tech Standards Social coding Open Data Portals Private sector 1. Legal Data Act 2. Organisational Agile approaches

Business associations

FAIR principles

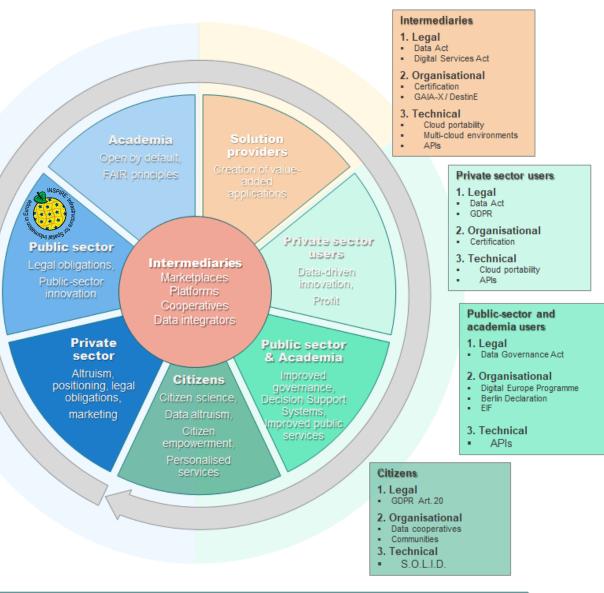
Standards

Social coding

Open source tech

3. Technical

APIs



Vision (work in progress)



- INSPIRE should 'blend in' with the broader ecosystem of spatial and nonspatial data, infrastructures, technologies and policies.
- This will mean opening up to a broader community of implementers and users and to a wider range of applications and use cases.
- Making the INSPIRE framework more flexible and agile will significantly lower the entry level to the sharing and utilisation of data.
- Technical approaches need to be simplified by reusing well-adopted standards and technologies.

Thank you



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